

GROVER DID IT.

HE OFFICIALLY USED FORCE BILL TACTICS TO RE-ELECT HIMSELF.

A Discovery Which Takes Away the Last Issue of the Democracy—An Official Order by Cleveland for the Use of Force Bill Methods to Re-elect Himself.

[Special Correspondence.]
WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—Another Democratic idol has fallen. Another Democratic "campaign issue" has been destroyed. And this, too, by Mr. Cleveland himself.

The Democratic party has certainly been unfortunate in its issue in this campaign. Its tariff issue was destroyed by a member of its own party—Labor Commissioner Peck. Its wildest currency issue was destroyed by members of its own party innumerable, who denounce it unsparringly. And now its last and only remaining issue, the force bill, has been destroyed by Mr. Cleveland himself.

It came about in this way. Some wretched person with a good memory, who had listened with amusement and amazement to the plaintive wails of the Democracy about the force bill, suddenly remembered that Mr. Cleveland, while president and a candidate for re-election, not only authorized, but absolutely ordered for his own benefit, the enforcement of the very force bill features of the then existing law, about which Democrats are now so much agitated.

This discovery has been the political event of the week. It was as much of a bombshell in the Democratic camp as was the Peck report a few weeks ago. It takes away the last leg the Democrats had to stand on. The three issues upon which they were making or attempting to make their fight in this campaign, were free trade, free banks, free franchises at the polls. Curiously every one of them has been knocked out, and that, too, by Democrats. But the most distressing thing is that the destruction of the last one of these issues left to the party should have come about through an official act of the party's own candidate while he occupied the White House. And this he did with the purpose of re-electing himself president of the United States.

The facts are these, and they are very interesting: The so-called force bill simply proposed to extend to small towns and country districts of the United States the law which has been in force for years through which United States marshals and supervisors of elections, enforce order and prevent fraud in any city of 30,000 inhabitants or more in elections for congressmen or other United States officials. The recent discovery, which has created such a panic in Democratic circles and taken away the last vestige of an "issue," was the fact that President Grover Cleveland, on the approach of the election of 1888, when he was a candidate for re-election for the presidency, issued to Attorney General "Pan Electric" Garland, under date of Oct. 5, 1888, the following order:

DEAR SIR—You are hereby requested to take general charge and direction of the execution of the statutes of the United States touching the appointments of supervisors of elections and special deputy marshals, and the performance of their duties and their compensation, so far as these subjects are by the constitution and laws under the supervision and control of the executive branch of the government. Yours truly,
GROVER CLEVELAND.

Immediately afterward this letter was sent by Attorney General Garland to United States marshals:

Sir—In pursuance of a letter of the 5th inst. from the president, directing the attorney general to take charge of the "appointment of special deputy marshals, the performance of their duties and their compensation, together with the compensation of supervisors" at the congressional election in November next, your attention is directed to the provisions of titles 24 and 25, chapter 7, title 70 of the Revised Statutes. Under sections 4202 and 4204 Revised Statutes you have power to keep the peace, protect supervisors, preserve order, prevent frauds and enforce the law in towns of 30,000 inhabitants and upward. You should make yourself familiar with the statutes referred to and see that they are understood by your deputies, who should be discreet men, impressed with the importance of an honest franchise.

The manner of discharging these duties by yourself and your deputies is largely left to your discretion. In matters involving questions of law you are directed to consult the attorney of the United States for your district for needed information and advice. It is assumed that the duties can be performed without infringing upon the rights of any citizen in a manner that shall be firm, and at the same time free from any unnecessary display of authority. It is not expected that supervisors and deputy marshals will receive compensation for more than five days' service, and they should be so informed. Within this time all can be done. It is thought, that ought to be. You need vigilant men, who are conscientious workers, and no others.

It is thus shown from official records that Mr. Cleveland, while president, ordered his subordinates to use, in the election in which he was himself a candidate, the very laws to which his party is now so strenuously objecting. The so-called force bill, about which Democrats are howling, was the very essence of the act which Mr. Cleveland ordered his subordinates to enforce for his own re-election. This is all there is to the force bill bugaboo. It was simply a proposed law providing for an extension to country districts, on the petition of citizens, of the law already in force in the cities of 30,000 inhabitants or more.

What did the force bill really propose to do? It proposed to extend to the country districts, where fraud is now a matter of common occurrence, practically the same law which Mr. Cleveland ordered enforced. It proposed to make false registration or interference with registration a crime; it made keeping false poll lists a crime; it made election bribes and ballot box stuffing a crime; it required ballot boxes to be placed in plain sight of voters, and the willful placing in those boxes of illegal ballots a crime; it made improper manipulation of ballot boxes or ballots a crime. And that is all. That is the law which President Cleveland ordered his subordinates to enforce to aid in his own re-election, and it is the proposed law so extended as to be available for all of the people about which Mr. Cleveland's supporters were howling until they found that one of the best official acts of their candidate was all of its principles.

ONE MORE.

Another Prominent Democratic Senator Cleveland.

PROVIDENCE, Oct. 3.—General John M. Brennan, an astute Democratic politician, in discussing the political affairs of the state and nation, said:

The Democrats cannot win in Rhode Island, for they have nothing whatever to win on. The national party very foolishly went to the country with a defeated candidate, and they cannot recover the presidency. Cleveland was defeated with the federal government behind him and more than 100,000 officeholders, all of whom ought to have been with Cleveland, but they were in the election came around again in 1888 they largely voted for Harrison. There is but one logical conclusion to this part of the political outlook, and that is, What can Cleveland do without the federal patronage in 1892 when he could not win with it in 1888?

Cleveland, who became so jocular and grotesque in his thousands of pension votes to the poor Union soldiers' claims, will never be forgiven. He drove many nails in his political coffin when he made those vetoes. No one in all this country ever heard before of a candidate going to the people as a nominee for a great office against the expressed wishes and desires of the state delegation whence he came. In the November elections in Rhode Island the Democrats will be sure to see to it that the Cleveland following choose two Mugwump candidates as the nominees for congress, and they can go down with the ill-starred coterie of managers who expended so much money to secure the Cleveland delegates to the Chicago convention. These same Mugwumps in Rhode Island caused the defeat of the Democratic party in this state in the last April election.

POWDERLY FOR PROTECTION.

The Labor Leader Leaves the Democratic Party.

A Wilkesbarre (Pa.) dispatch says: General Master Workman Powderly, of the Knights of Labor, and Chauncey F. Black, president of the State League of Democratic Clubs, met at the Delaware and Hudson railroad depot in Hyde Park this morning. Mr. Black was taking the train for his home in York, Pa., after attending the annual convention of the Democratic clubs in Scranton. Powderly grasped the Democratic statesman warmly by the hand and said:

"Can you tell me where Cleveland stands on the tariff?"

Mr. Black replied, "That's more than I can tell, although if you asked where I stood I would be able to tell you."

"I tell you what," said Powderly, "I don't think he knows where he stands. He is at sea. I used to admire that man, but since his meddling interference with the silver question I have lost confidence in him. As between the Republican and Democratic parties I am a Republican this time."

The stand Powderly takes will create a sensation in labor circles. He has always been a Democrat.

The Cleveland administration of the public land office charged fraud against hundreds of thousands of honest homesteaders in the west, hung up entries upon millions of acres and went out of office leaving 350,953 applications and entries unacted upon. The Harrison administration has acted upon all of these and the many thousands which have since been presented, issuing patents for 45,000,000 acres against 26,000,000 acres patented by Cleveland's administration in the same length of time.

Can't Batter Down That Wall.



—Chicago Tribune.

Under President Harrison's administration there has been an increase of \$900,000,000 in the money in circulation in the country. The present administration has reduced the annual interest charge on the public debt \$11,654,576, or a saving of practically a million dollars a month in interest alone.

Massachusetts Alice Samson New York. Investigations of 3,745 manufacturing establishments in Massachusetts have revealed the following facts, the comparisons being between the years 1890 and 1891:

There has been an increase in the capital invested.
There has been an increase in the stock used in manufacture.
There has been an increase in the value of the product.
There has been an increase in the number of persons employed.
There has been an increase in the gross amount of wages paid.
There has been an increase in the average yearly earnings per individual.
—Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.

Foreign statisticians estimate that our protective system the annual addition to the wealth of the United States is greater than the annual addition to the wealth of Great Britain, Germany and France combined.

Pledged to reform, they have not reformed. Pledged to economy, they have not economized. Extravagance has been the order of the day. Tom Watson on Democratic Hypocrisy.

BANDIT COOLEY SHOT.

THE WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA ROBBER CHIEF RUN TO EARTH.

The Fatal Sunday Visit to His Old Father—Tracked by an Officer in the United States Secret Service—Defying the Foes to the Bitter End.

A dispatch from Uniontown, Pa., of the 3d inst., says:
At last the notorious leader of the famous Cooley gang has been run down and killed. Frank Cooley was brought to bay at his father's home in George's Township this afternoon and shot dead. He fought gamely to the end and refused to surrender when surrender or death were the only alternatives. His partner, Jack Ramsey, was with him when they were run down, but fled when he saw his leader go down.

The story leading up to the death of the noted bandit is full of interest and reflects great credit upon George Fisher, the man who brought it about. Fisher is a United States Secret Service man and it was he who had charge of the party that run down the Fayette and Somerset County moonshiners last spring. He was detailed to work on the Cooley outlaws about two months ago and has been on their trail ever since. Week after week he watched every movement of the bandits. For the last three Sundays he observed that the leaders, Frank Cooley and Jack Ramsey, went to Lute Cooley's home and passed the day with the parents and family of the noted leader. He followed them Sunday, and learned that as usual they were passing the day at the Cooley homestead. He notified Sheriff McCormick and the Sheriff went immediately with Deputy Sheriff Allbaugh. At Fair Chance they were met by Frank Pegg and Policeman Mill Hartley, of Fair Chance. They led the sheriff to a small grave near the Cooley homestead where they were joined by Fisher, who had remained there all day to watch the movements of the outlaws.

The movements of the entire party were directed by Fisher, and the results show how well he managed affairs. Between the woods and Lute Cooley's home is a field recently cleared, and which is covered with stumps. This afforded the party a good opportunity of getting within a few rods of the house without being observed. The sheriff and his men had not waited long until Frank Cooley and Ramsey came out, and after walking around for a short time, sat down behind a big stump in the sun. This was the opportunity that the pursuing party had been waiting for, and no time was lost. The sheriff's party stepped out from behind the stumps which hid them from the view of the Cooley house.

The sheriff was in the lead and took his men to within a rod or so of the outlaws and commanded them to surrender. This was answered by a volley from behind the stump. Fire was opened on both sides and many shots were exchanged.

At last the noted outlaw fell pierced through the heart. His companion, dismayed at the death of his leader, fled to the woods pursued by two of the sheriff's party. Cooley's body was picked up and carried into his father's house. Coroner Holbert was notified and held an inquest, the sheriff and his men being the only witnesses. The post mortem revealed that the bullet had struck below the clavicle bone and passed downward through his heart. A wound was also found on Cooley's back, which appeared to have been several days old.

THE TROLLEY IN NEW YORK.

The Board of Aldermen Grant Privileges to the Traction Company.

The trolley system of propelling street cars will soon be in use on all lines of railway in New York city except Broadway, which has the cable. Cars are now operated by that system in the annexed district, and the Board of Aldermen in granting the extensions and connections asked for by the Metropolitan Traction Company refused to prohibit the use of the trolley system. The vote was emphatic. While the consent of the State Railroad Commissioners must also be obtained, the consent of the Aldermen makes it practically certain that the trolley system will be established on the Ninth avenue surface line from the Battery to One-Hundred-and-Tenth street. The plan is to run the trolley wires under the elevated railroad tracks.

Sunol Will Try to Beat S.O.C.

Sunol, Robert Bonner's great mare, and Arion, Mr. Forbes's one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollar stallion, with the two-year-old record of 2:10, will be put a record mile on the pneumatic tired, ball bearing sulky. The wonderful performance of Mr. Forbes's mare, Nancy Hanks, bringing the mile down to 2:04, has dumfounded the trotting world. While everybody admits that she is a grand trotter, still there must linger in the mind a doubt as to whether she is the greatest trotter ever bred, or whether the new style sulky will not make up for the difference between her mile and the 2:04 mile of Mr. Bonner's Mand S. To settle this question Mr. Bonner has given orders to Trainer Marvin to send Sunol a mile against the record whenever he was ready. Marvin will take Sunol and Arion with him when he starts out this week to be present at the meetings at Lexington, Nashville and Columbia. Sunol's trial is likely to take place at Columbia in November.

Money for Cholera.

The Cholera Emergency Fund of the New York Chamber of Commerce has reached a total of \$200,000. This fund was raised to provide, in case of need, for expenditures in the interest of public safety not authorized by law; and the quarantine authorities have already been furnished with supplies which could not have been obtained through official channels. The balance of the fund will be used to prepare for a cholera visitation next year.

THIS WEEK'S NEWS.

A Summary of Current Events—The World's Doings for the Past Six Days Gathered and Condensed for Our Readers.

General.

The Buffalo (N. Y.) Grand Jury failed to indict the riotous switchmen. Three thousand students, it is estimated, will attend Harvard College this year.

The Republicans of South Carolina have decided not to put a State ticket in the field.

Michael J. Goode has been appointed Assistant Appraiser of Merchandise at New York.

Hector Jonathan Cremieux, the well-known French dramatist, committed suicide in Paris.

Ex-President Cleveland and family have taken up their residence in New York for the winter.

Eastern and Canadian choral societies have received official invitations to sing at the World's Fair.

Mrs. Harrison continues to gain strength, and hope is revived that she may recover her health.

Senor de Lopez, the new Spanish Minister, was formally presented to the President at Washington.

The President and several members of his Cabinet have accepted invitations to attend the Columbus celebration in New York.

With three deep gashes in his head, Mall Carrier Monteria was found murdered near Red Cloud, N. M., and the mail gone.

A bogus English lord, whose real name is Sidney Locelles, was sentenced to six years in the penitentiary at Rome, Ga., for forgery.

A woman who calls herself the wife of the late Reverend Johnson Travers, of New York, has sued for part of the \$200,000 Travers estate.

The Amalgamated steel scale has been signed by the Midland Steel Co., of Muncie, Ind., and 400 men started fires at the plant on Monday.

Judge Lewis, of Buffalo, N. Y., has appointed Philo D. Beard temporary receiver of the Life and Reserve Association, with a bond of \$50,000.

The resignation of Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Crounse, who was nominated for Governor of Nebraska, has been accepted by the President.

Litigation against the estate of the late General Francis B. Spinola has been begun at New York by his aged sister, who charges fraud in the case.

Robbers made a diabolical attempt to blow up Farmer Biggs's house, near Montreal, for plunder's sake, but only managed to wreck the building.

Bandits in Oage County, O. T., who lately robbed a bank at Dexter of \$2,000, have shot and killed Sheriff Nippal, of Kansas, who tried to arrest them.

Lillie Johnson, of Memphis, Tenn., was released in \$10,000 bonds to answer as an accessory to the mysterious murder of Freda Ward by Alice Mitchell.

The British steamer Twickenham, from Havana, with a cargo of sugar, consigned to New York firms arrived with eleven cases of typhus fever on board.

The Liberal Cabinet has decided not to make a grant in aid of evicted Irish tenants at present. In the meantime the Tory landlords are continuing to evict tenants in large numbers.

An old feud awoke when Harry Plattenburg and James McDowell met at Lexington, Mo. Plattenburg shot his enemy through the heart and fatally wounded a policeman.

George W. Taylor, chief engineer at the Columbia Hospital, Washington, D. C., was killed by being caught between the elevator and the ceiling of the first floor of the building.

Supreme Justice Somerby, in an interview at Baltimore, denied that he intended to in any way molest members of the order. He expressed confidence in the organization plan.

The master cotton spinners of Lancashire at a meeting at Manchester resolved to give a month's notice to their employees of a reduction in wages. It is thought a strike will follow.

Three unknown men gagged and abducted 10-year-old Annie Wallace in the streets of Indianapolis, Ind., and drove off. Her father is suspected. The child was twice before abducted by him.

Freda Koenig, an 11-month-old babe, whose mother died of cholera on the steamer Rugia, has been lost on the way from New York to Chicago, whither she was being sent to her father.

The officers and men who worked so heroically in saving life and property at the explosion at the Mars Island Navy Yard, Cal., on June 18, have been warmly commended by Secretary Tracy.

The British Foreign Office has formally intimated to Belgium that the latter's expedition under Van Kerkhove, on the Upper Nile, said to be within the sphere of British influence, must withdraw.

Chairmen Beeder and Wright of the Republican and Democratic State Committees have been requested to have balloons printed in German for the Pennsylvania German voters who can not read English.

British officials accept as true Secretary Rusk's proclamation in regard to the absence of pleuro-pneumonia in this country and show a disposition to accede to this Government's application for admission of live stock.

Thomas B. Kent, in speaking in New York of the report of a proposed brass trust, said that no trust would be formed, although possibly a consolidation, which would lessen expenses and might lower prices, may be effected.

A warrant was issued in New York for the arrest of "Count" Miskewitz, who is accused by a Brooklyn man with defrauding him of \$1,750 by false representations. The "Count" became noted at Washington in connection with the scheme for a Chinese bank.

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AUTUMN IN THE MOUNTAINS.

The important announcement is made that Deer Park will remain open until October 1st, and Oakland until September 22nd, thus affording an opportunity to spend September, the most delightful month, in the Alleghenies. The luxuriant foliage of the mountains is then in the autumnal glory, wild flowers abound, and game and fish are plentiful. All vestibuled Limited Express trains of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad between the East and West stop at both resorts, Pullman parlor or sleeping cars on all trains.

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